## **Bullying**

## Cooperative Extension • Delaware State University

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## Tips for avoiding bullies:

- · Ignore the bully and walk away.
- This makes you courageous, NOT a coward!
- Hold the anger! Bullies want to see
   if they can control your emotions.
- Don't get physical. Doing so may backfire.
- Talk about it With a trusted adult, like a teacher, mentor or counselor.
- Find your (true) friends Your peers can help you feel better

Adapted from www.Kidshealth.org, "Dealing with Bullies"





A bully is someone who repeatedly hurts others using physical, verbal or psychological tactics. Bullying includes intimidation, name calling and isolation. Bullying affects everyone involved: the victim, the ringleader, outsiders who join in, and the families of the victims.

It is believed that bullies have poor social skills and/or have keen insight into other's mental states. Victims of bullying usually suffer consequences beyond embarrassment. They may have low self-esteem, develop poor health, and contemplate suicide.

Early signs of a bullied child may include injuries, fewer friends, restless sleeping pattern, passiveness, or fear of returning to school. A child who is bullying others may tease, threaten or kick other children. The child may be hot-tempered or impulsive, aggressive toward adults, and/or may show no remorse for his or her actions.

Source: COPS, US Dept. of Justice

For more information, contact:

Beverly C. Banks
4-H & Youth Development agent
US Washington Cooperative Extension Center
Delaware State University
Dover, DE 19901
(302) 857-6499

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bbanks@desu.edu